AIPLA Rapid Response Webinar: USPTO Sequence Listing Rules

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Agenda

- Background of World Intellectual Property Office (WIPO) Standard ST.26
 - What is WIPO Standard ST.26
 - Why change to WIPO Standard ST.26
 - Benefits of WIPO Standard ST.26
 - Differences between WIPO Standards ST.25 and ST.26
- Federal Register Notice
 - Synopsis of rule changes
 - Transition to ST.26 (effective date and applicability date provisions for new U.S. regulations)
- Creating an ST.26-complaint sequence listing
- Filing an ST.26 sequence listing
- ST.26 resources



What is WIPO Standard ST.26?

- WIPO Standard ST.26 is a new set of rules for the presentation of nucleotide and amino acid sequences in sequence listings using eXtensible Markup Language (XML) format.
- The Committee for WIPO Standards (CWS) established an international task force in October 2010 to draft the revised standard.
- WIPO Standard ST.26 version 1.5 was approved by the CWS on November 5, 2021.
- WIPO Standard ST.26 will go into effect worldwide on July 1, 2022.
- https://www.wipo.int/export/sites/www/standards/en/pdf/03-26-01.pdf



Why change to Standard ST.26?

- ST.25 format is not compatible with International Nucleotide Sequence Database Collaboration (INSDC) requirements so some data is lost when entered into public databases, such as GenBank.
- ST.25 requirements are not precise and intellectual property (IP) offices worldwide have interpreted and enforced those requirements differently.
- Certain sequence types that are common today are not covered by ST.25 rules (i.e., branched sequences and sequences that contain nucleotide analogs or D-amino acids) and therefore are not present in searchable databases.
- ST.25 sequence data is unstructured making it difficult to automate validation and data exchange.

Benefits of WIPO Standard ST.26

- Data compatibility with the INSDC* requirements, namely sequence annotations and organism names will be included in publically searchable databases.
- Standardization of feature keys, feature locations, qualifiers, qualifier values, and sequence variant presentation.
- Requirement for inclusion of additional types of sequences (i.e., branched sequences and sequences that contain nucleotide analogs or D-amino acids) means more sequence data will be searchable.

*INSDC includes the DNA Databank of Japan (DDBJ), the European Bioinformatics Institute (EMBL-EBI), and the National Center for Biotechnology Information (NCBI or GenBank); these databases are publicly searchable, free and utilized by EPO, JPO, KIPO, and USPTO.



Benefits of WIPO Standard ST.26

- Acceptance of a single sequence listing worldwide*.
- Serves as guidance to ensure agreement amongst IP offices on application of sequence listing requirements.
- Clarifies what sequence disclosures are required or permitted to be included in a sequence listing and how these sequences must be represented.
- Enhances submission quality due to the structure of a sequence listing in XML format.
- Increases automation of data validation and streamlines processing by IP offices.

^{*} except for required translations of language-dependent free text qualifiers into the language of filing for certain IP offices, which may require replacement sequence listings.



General information

ST.25	ST.26
ALL priority application information may be included	ONLY the earliest priority application can be included
ALL applicant and inventor names may be included	ONLY one applicant AND optionally ONE inventor may be included
ONE invention title permitted	MULTIPLE invention titles permitted, each one in a different language
Applicant/inventor names and invention titles must be in basic Latin characters	Applicant/inventor names may be included using any valid Unicode character along with a basic Latin translation or transliteration; invention titles may be be included using any valid Unicode character



Sequence information

ST.25	ST.26
ASCII text with numeric identifiers	XML with elements and attributes
Not required to include: - Linear portions of branched sequences - Nucleotide analogs - D-amino acids	Must include:Linear portions of branched sequencesNucleotide analogsD-amino acids
Annotation of sequences for feature keys only	Annotation of sequences for feature keys and qualifiers
Permitted to include sequences: - <10 specifically defined nucleotides - <4 specifically defined amino acids	Prohibited sequences: - <10 specifically defined nucleotides - <4 specifically defined amino acids



Sequence data

ST.25	ST.26
Sequences only identified as DNA, RNA or PRT (protein)	Sequences identified as DNA, RNA, or AA (amino acid) along with a mandatory mol_type qualifier to further describe the molecule
Organism names: - Latin genus/species - virus name - "artificial sequence" - "unknown"	Organism names: - Latin genus/species - virus name - "synthetic construct" - "unidentified"
"u" represents uracil in nucleotide sequences	"t" represents uracil in RNA sequences and thymine in DNA sequences
Amino acids in protein sequences are represented by three letter abbreviations	Amino acids in protein sequences are represented by one letter abbreviations



Sequence data (cont.)

ST.25	ST.26
"n" and "Xaa" variables must have a definition provided in a feature key	Default value assumed for "n" and "X" variables with no definition
Feature location format not clearly defined	 Strictly defined feature location formats permits the use of: - "<" and ">" in all sequence types and - "^", "join", "order" "complement" in nucleotide sequences
"Mixed mode" sequences permitted (i.e., nucleotide sequence with amino acid translation shown below)	No "mixed mode"; nucleotide translations are included in "translation" qualifiers only



Federal Register Notice - final rule

- On May 20, 2022, the USPTO published a final rule to implement WIPO Standard ST.26 for applications filed on or after July 1, 2022 with the USPTO, along with conforming amendments to other rules. See <u>87 Fed. Reg. 30806</u>
- This final rule creates new rules, 37 CFR 1.831-1.835, based on and expressly incorporating relevant portions of WIPO Standard ST.26.



Synopsis of new 37 CFR provisions

- 37 CFR 1.831-1.835 were created for implementing the provisions of WIPO Standard ST.26. These regulations generally correspond to the content of the "Sequence Listing" regulations found currently at 37 CFR 1.821-1.825 but have been updated for implementing WIPO Standard ST.26.
- Conforming amendments to other rules have been made as well, for example, 37 CFR 1.77(b)(5) was revised to provide for an incorporation by reference statement included in the specification regarding the material in an XML file for a "Sequence Listing XML."
- 37 CFR 1.839 is a new regulatory provision that provides express authorization for the USPTO rules to incorporate by reference certain WIPO Standard ST.26 provisions as found in 37 CFR 1.831(d) through (i), 1.832, 1.833, and 1.834(a)(2).

- Provides the requirement for a sequence listing in XML format using the term "Sequence Listing XML."
- Defines which nucleotides and amino acids must be included and which are prohibited from being included in the "Sequence Listing XML."
- Incorporates certain definitional paragraphs from WIPO Standard ST.26.
- Provides the requirement to use a sequence identifier, i.e., "SEQ ID NO:" or the like.



- Provides that sequences in the listing must be assigned a separate sequence identifier beginning with 1 and increasing sequentially by integers.
- Provides for the required representation and symbols to be used for identifying nucleotide and amino acid residues in a "Sequence Listing XML."
- Governs representation and symbols used for nucleotide and/or amino acid sequences that may be:
 - a single continuous sequence derived from one or more non-contiguous segments of a larger sequence,
 - sequences that contain regions of specifically defined residues separated by one or more regions of contiguous specified "n" or "X" residues or
 - a sequence that contains regions of specifically defined residues separated by one or more gaps of an unknown or undisclosed number of residues.

- Requires that the "Sequence Listing XML" is in a single file encoded using Unicode UTF-8.
- Requires that the "Sequence Listing XML" be valid according to the DTD (document type definition) of WIPO Standard ST.26 in Annex II.
- Specifies the components of the "Sequence Listing XML," as set forth in WIPO Standard ST.26, by incorporating certain paragraphs of the standard as:
 - 1) an XML declaration;
 - 2) a document type declaration;
 - 3) a root element;
 - 4) a general information part and
 - 5) a sequence data part.
- Requires that language-dependent, free text elements are in the English language.

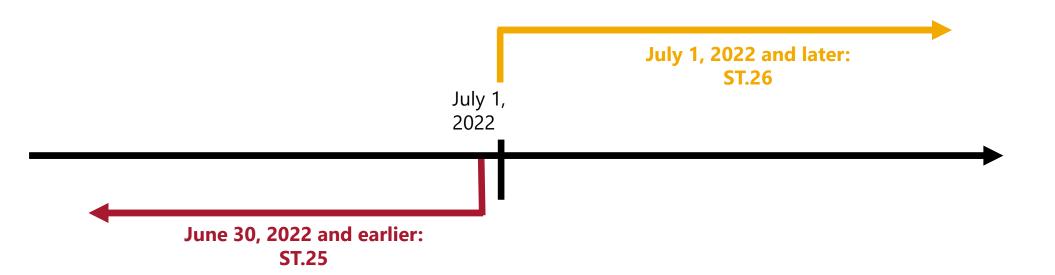


- Provides the form and content of the "Sequence Listing XML."
- Requires that the "Sequence Listing XML" is encoded using Unicode UTF-8 and is created by any means, like a text or nucleotide/amino acid sequence editor.
- Identifies the computer compatibility as well as file extension, naming convention parameters to be used and how and when file compression may be used.
- Provides for the number of permitted printable characters.
- Sets forth the filing options, on a single read-only optical disc or via the USPTO patent electronic filing system (for "Sequence Listing XML" submissions only Patent Center has compatibility for XML files).
- Sets forth the requirement for an incorporation by reference statement in the specification for content of the "Sequence Listing XML."

- Provides the procedure for amending an application to add a "Sequence Listing XML" or replace a "Sequence Listing XML" along with the necessary identification of support for additions, deletions or replacements of sequence information.
- Makes a requirement for a statement of no new matter, as well as a statement showing support for the changes made.
- Provides the basis for the issuance of notices when non-compliance is raised, and the rules for responding to such notices.



Transition to WIPO Standard ST.26





Transition to WIPO Standard ST.26 (cont.)

- All applications with a filing date or international filing date *BEFORE* July 1, 2022 MUST file sequence listings in ST.25 format
 - For 111(a) applications, the relevant date is the "official filing date" i.e., the date all the requirements for granting a filing date are met.
 - For U.S. national phase (371) applications, the relevant date is the PCT filing date, NOT the 371(c) date.
 - <u>Cannot</u> choose to file in ST.26.
- All applications with a filing date or international filing date ON OR AFTER July 1, 2022
 MUST file sequence listings in ST.26 format
 - An application with benefit or priority to an earlier filed application (under 35 USC 119, 120, 121 or 365) that may have contained a sequence listing in accordance with ST.25 will nonetheless be REQUIRED to submit a compliant sequence listing in XML file format in accordance with 37 CFR 1.831-1.835 (i.e., be in ST.26 format, there will no "grandfathering").
 - Provisional applications are not required to file a sequence listing, however, after July 1, 2022, if an applicant chooses to submit a sequence listing in provisional application, such sequence listing must be comply with 37 CFR 1.831-1.835 (i.e., be in ST.26 format).

Creating an ST.26 sequence listing using WIPO Sequence

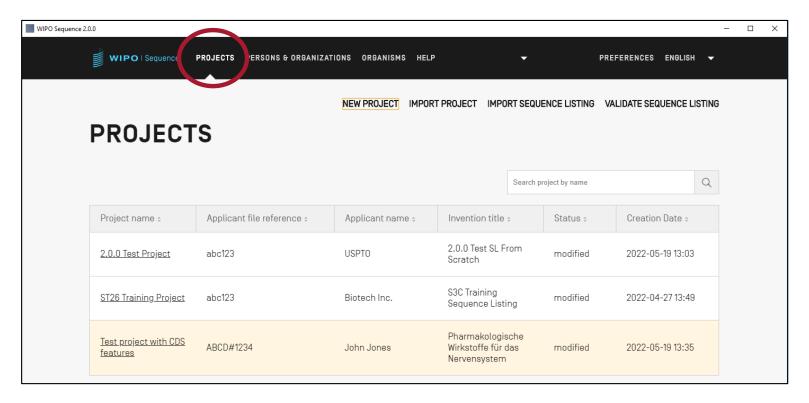
- **WIPO Sequence** is a desktop tool developed by WIPO to support authoring, validation, and generation of ST.26-compliant sequence listings.
- Member states requested WIPO develop this common tool for all offices and applicants.
- Use of WIPO Sequence simplifies ST.26 XML creation with a user-friendly interface wherein there is no need to ever directly edit an XML file.
- Available to download for free from https://www.wipo.int/standards/en/sequence/index.html



WIPO Sequence functions

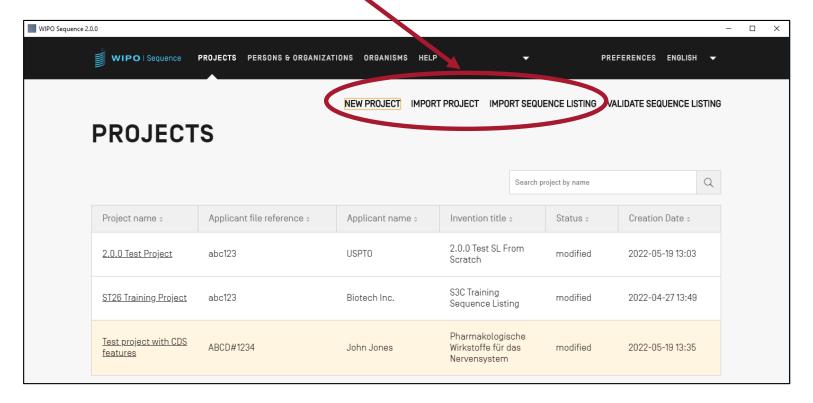
- Accept and store application and sequence information for multiple projects.
- Validate project data and generate a compliant XML sequence listing.
- Validate an existing XML sequence listing.
- Generate a "human readable" version of project data for easy review.
- Store custom applicant and inventor information.
- Store custom organism names.
- Import data from multiple file types ST.25 sequence listings, ST.26 sequence listings, ST.26 projects, .raw files, multisequence format, and FASTA files.

Projects page



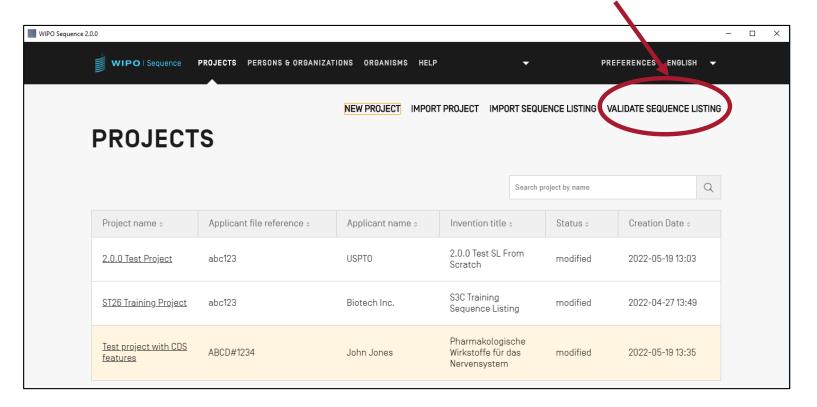


Projects page – to start a new project



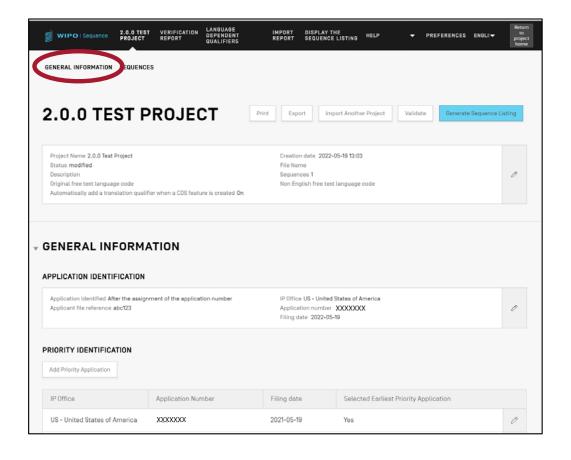


Projects page - to validate an existing XML sequence listing



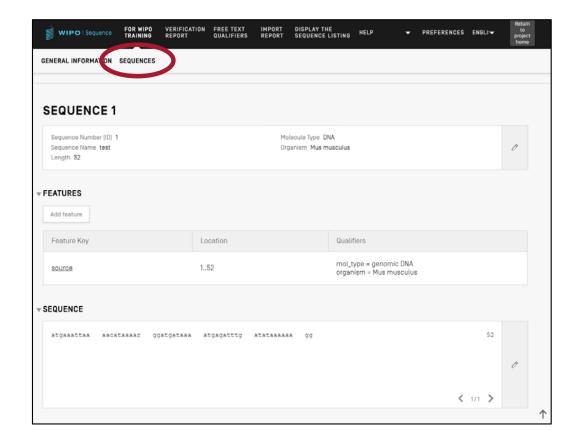


General information view





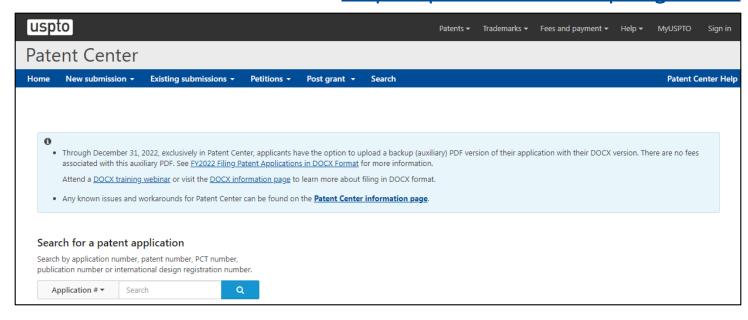
Sequence information view





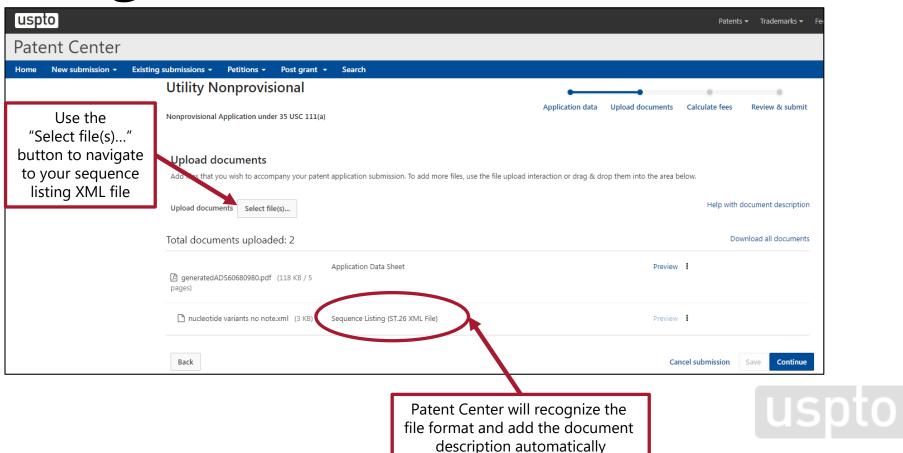
Filing an ST.26 "Sequence Listing XML" at the USPTO

- ST.26 sequence listings in XML format MUST be filed electronically with the USPTO through Patent Center or on physical media.
- EFS-Web will not permit submission of ST.26 XML files.
- Patent Center is available at https://patentcenter.uspto.gov/#!/





Uploading an ST.26 "Sequence Listing XML" in Patent Center



XML filing requirements

- Sequence listings in ST.26 XML format may be filed:
 - via the USPTO Patent Center electronic filing system if the file is 100MB in size or less or
 - on physical media using read-only, optical discs (CDs or DVDs). Sequence listings submitted on discs may be compressed if the resulting compressed file is nonself extracting.
- Sequence listings in ST.26 XML format must be accompanied by an incorporation by reference statement (for 111(a) applications), which includes:
 - the name of the file,
 - the date of creation, and
 - the size of the file in bytes.
- Paper or pdf copies of the sequence listing are NOT required; any paper or pdf copies are considered part of the specification for calculating application size fees.



ST.26 resources

USPTO Resources:

- Sequence Listing Resource Center: <u>https://www.uspto.gov/patents/apply/sequence-listing-resource-center</u>
- Sequence Listing Help Desk via Sequence Listing Help Desk via Sequence Listing Help Desk via SequenceHelpDesk@USPTO.GOV or 571-272-2510
- PCT Help Desk via 571-272-4300
- Patent Legal Administration Help Desk via 571-272-7701

WIPO Resources:

- Recorded training sessions:
 https://www.wipo.int/meetings/en/topic.jsp?group_id=330&items=30
- WIPO Standard ST.26 Knowledge Base: https://www3.wipo.int/confluence/display/WSSKB/WIPO+Sequence+and+ST.26+Knowledge+Base+Home



